

Farm for the Future

The Royal Countryside Fund

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Inheritance Tax Relief Changes

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Ward and Co

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Basics

- Since 1984 in the main we've had 100% Agricultural or Business Property Relief on farming and business assets owned by the business
- This is changing to 100% for £1m <u>each</u> for assets held within the business and 50% relief on the balance on deaths after 6th April, 2026. Effective immediately.
- IHT on pension funds from 6th April, 2027



Key Points

- £1m exemption is for **each** person
 - Cannot be passed to spouse !
 - If you don't use it you lose it !
 - Back to pre October 2007 rules and 1970's re 50%
- In addition to the above a maximum of £500,000 each (£1m for a couple) of normal exemptions
- Above headlined as £3m and then 20% tax but not true. It's more !



Key Points

- Don't let tax rule decision making. Family relationship decisions more important.
- Gifting for IHT can have negative effect for CGT.
- Holdover but lower base cost for donees. Depends on intentions regarding assets.
- Control clauses in Partnership Agreements.



Wills – use of discretionary will trusts on first death

- Why use them ? Use £1m but trustees control asset ?
- Avoid farmhouses going into trust lose £RNRB" if house not left to lineal descendants
 - Look after spouse and children
 - Discretion
 - Trustees
 - Letter of wishes
 - What are they ?
 - Change easily !
 - Flexibility



Key points

- Non business assets still 100% chargeable
- 50% relief continues for assets owned outside a partnership, or a company where individual controls more than 50% of the shares
 - If you've gifted already with 100% relief prior to 30th October 2024, it is important for the donee to keep assets in use for business for 7 years, or land in agricultural use if let. THIS 100% IS IN ADDITION TO NEW £1M EXEMPTION.
 - If gift between now and 5th April, 2026 and die after 6th April, 2026 then 50% relief and balance brought into charge. There is a sliding scale on tax on the gifts > £325,000 from 3 to 7 years.
 - Death before April, 2026 100% relief still!
 - Relief applies to property and stock and machinery in the business. Probate values everywhere !
 - Effectively 50% relief only on agricultural and business assets over £1m that are held on death after 5th April 2026 or gifted from 30th October 2024.



Example 1 Facts and Tax

- Single Person
- £1.6m farm (including house at £500,000) and £250,000 stock and machinery. Total assets £1.85m.
- No other assets
- No past gifts
- Will leaves all to child

| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Value of assets | | 1,850,000 |
| Less: 30% value of farmhouse | | 150,000 |
| Value qualifying for agricultural/business relief | | 1,700,000 |
| Less: 100% exemption | _ | 1,000,000 |
| | | 700,000 |
| Less: 50% relief | _ | 350,000 |
| | | 350,000 |
| Add: 30% value of farmhouse | _ | 150,000 |
| | | 500,000 |
| Less: Exemption | 325,000 | |
| Residential Nil Rate Band | 175,000 | 500,000 |
| Chargeable Estate | | Nil |
| Tax due | - | Nil |
| | | |

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£



Example 1 Facts and Tax

This example assumes that the £1million allowance can be used against the farm assets in priority to the farmhouse, so there is sufficient farmhouse value left to utilise the full residential nil rate band.

Where the estate value is higher or the value of the farmhouse differs to that in the example there could be an inheritance liability.



Example 2 Facts and Tax

- Married couple both partners in business and own farm property/stock and machinery equally.
- Farm property/stock and machinery worth £3.8m (including house at £600,000).
- No other assets
- No past gifts
- Wills leave to children on <u>each</u> death

| n | £ | £ |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Value of assets | | 3,800,000 |
| Less: 30% value of farmhouse | | 180,000 |
| Value qualifying for agricultural/business relief | | 3,620,000 |
| Less: Exemptions 2 x £1m | | (2,000,000) |
| | | 1,620,000 |
| Less: 50% relief | _ | 810,000 |
| | | 810,000 |
| Add: 30% value of farmhouse | _ | 180,000 |
| | | 990,000 |
| Less: Exemptions 1 | 325,000 | |
| Exemptions 2 | 325,000 | |
| Residential Nil Rate Band 1 | 175,000 | |
| Residential Nil Rate Band 2 | 175,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Chargeable Estate | | Nil |
| Tax due | | Nil |



Example 2 Facts and Tax

This example assumes that the £1million allowance can be used against the farm assets in priority to the farmhouse, so there is sufficient farmhouse value left to utilise the full residential nil rate band.

Where the estate value is higher or the value of the farmhouse differs to that in the example there could be an inheritance liability.



Example 3 Facts and Tax

- Married couple both partners in business and own farm property/stock and machinery equally.
- 600 acres farm worth £8m (house worth £750,000 and stock/machinery worth £2m.
- Total farm assets £10m.
- Rental house/pensions/Investments £1m.
- No past gifts.
- Will leaves half of farm to son on first death

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|---------------------------------------------------|----------|------------|
| Value of farm assets | | 10,000,000 |
| Less: 30% value of farmhouse | | 225,000 |
| Value qualifying for agricultural/business relief | _ | 9,775,000 |
| Less: 100% exemption | | 2,000,000 |
| | | 7,775,000 |
| Less: 50% relief | | 3,887,000 |
| | | 3,887,000 |
| Other Assets | | 1,000,000 |
| Add: 30% value of farmhouse | | 225,000 |
| | _ | 5,112,000 |
| Less: Exemption 1 | 325,000 | |
| Exemption 2 | 325,000 | 650,000 |
| Chargeable Estate | | 4,462,500 |
| Tax due at 40% | _ | 1,785,000 |
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Life Cover (level)£500,000 Examples Only

| | Term | Joint first death Premiums per annum | Single (M) Premiums per annum |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 30 year old couple | 40 years | £495 | |
| 40 year old couple | 20 years | £623 | |
| 60 year old male | 7 years (reducing) | | £4022 initial 3 years |
| 75 year old male | 7 years (reducing) | | £19018 Initial 3 years |

Assumed:

- Non-smokers
- Fit
- For 30/40 year olds the above includes critical illness

• For the 7 year policies for 60 and 75 year olds the cost reduces regarding the cover for years 4 to 7.



Summary

- Lots to consider !
- Stack it up first.
- Assess position.
- Consider options to use 2 x £1m ?
- FBTs
- Gifting
- Life Cover
- Drawing pensions
- Take advice !
- Tax only on part of life
- DON'T LET TAIL WAG THE DOG
- Family first



Complexities – take advice !

Ward and Co

It is vital to take advice – this is not an easy area – we have vast experience at Ward and Co with John Ward working through from the late 1970's when we last had 50% relief and Ian Smale who joined him in 1984, working together closely with the rest of the team.

"Marrying up" the rules and options with your own farm isn't an easy task but one we specialise in.





Ward and Countants

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